

Department of Mathematics and Statistics, KFUPM
Comprehensive Exam, Math 571 (T232)
Duration: 180 mins

Student Name:

Instructions

- **Five Problems only:** Select any five problems that you feel confident about solving. Only the first 5 chosen problems will be graded.
 - **Separate Sheets:** For each problem in the exam, use separate sheet of papers to write down your solution.
 - **Labeling:** At the top of each sheet, clearly write the problem number.
 - **Order:** Arrange the sheets in order according to the problem numbers.
 - **Points distribution:** the maximum score is 100 points, 20 points for each problem.
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Problem 1: Consider the multistep ODE schemes for solving

$$y'(x) = f(y(x), x).$$

(a) Show that the scheme

$$y_n - y_{n-1} = h[\theta f_n + (1 - \theta)f_{n-1}]$$

is A-stable for $1/2 \leq \theta \leq 1$.

(b) Consider the scheme

$$y_n - 3y_{n-1} + 2y_{n-2} = -\frac{1}{2}h(f_n + f_{n-1}).$$

Is it consistent? Is it stable?

(c) Consider the scheme

$$y_n - y_{n-2} = h(f_n - 3f_{n-1} + 4f_{n-2}).$$

Is it stable? Compute its order.

Problem 2: The Butcher tableaux for a Runge-Kutta method is given by

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

- (a) Is the method explicit or implicit scheme? Justify?
 (b) Write down the corresponding scheme for solving $y' = f(x, y(x))$, $y(x_0) = y_0$ and determine if it is consistent or not.
 (c) Show that the method is a second order method.

Problem 3: Consider the Cauchy problem $y' = f(x, y(x))$, $y(x_0) = y_0$ and the multistep formula

$$\eta_{n+1} = (1 - a)\eta_n + a\eta_{n-1} + \frac{h}{12}\{(5 - a)f_{n+1} + 8(1 + a)f_n + (5a - 1)f_{n-1}\}.$$

Here a is a real parameter, $f_n = f(x_n, \eta_n)$, $x_n = x_0 + nh$ and η_n is an approximation of $y(x_n)$.

- (a) Show that the above method has a local truncation error which is $\mathcal{O}(h^3)$ for all a .
 (b) Find a value for a so that the local truncation error is $\mathcal{O}(h^4)$ and check whether the resulting scheme satisfies the root condition.
 (c) Define the region of absolute stability of a numerical method for solving the Cauchy problem for an ordinary differential equation. Define what it means for a multistep method to be A -stable. Is the method of Part (b) A -stable.

Problem 4: Consider the two-point boundary-value problem

$$-y''(x) + y'(x) + y(x) = x^2 \quad \text{for } x \in (0, 1) \quad \text{with } y(0) = y(1) = 0, \quad (1)$$

- (a) Define the finite difference solution of (1) over a uniform mesh consists of N equal-sub-intervals of length h and show that the resulting system is tridiagonal system.
 (b) What is the order of the truncation error?
 (c) Explain how you would solve the boundary-value problem (1) by the shooting method. You should describe and explain all relevant details, but should not solve any equations.

Problem 5: The following Predictor-Corrector method is to be used for solving $y'(x) = f(x, y(x))$, $y(x_0) = y_0$.

$$\text{Predictor: } y_{i+1} = y_i + h \left(\frac{3}{2} f(x_i, y_i) - \frac{1}{2} f(x_{i-1}, y_{i-1}) \right)$$

$$\text{Corrector: } y_{i+1} = y_i + h \left(\frac{1}{2} f(x_{i+1}, y_{i+1}) + \frac{1}{2} f(x_i, y_i) \right)$$

- (a) Determine the order of the method.
- (b) Choose an appropriate method for initiating the method. Justify your answer.
- (c) Write an iterative technique for implementing the method.

Problem 6: Consider the initial value problem

$$y'(x) = \ln \left(\ln(4 + y^2) \right), \quad x \in [0, 1], \quad y(0) = 1,$$

- (a) Write the one-step explicit Euler scheme and show that the truncation error $|T_n| \leq h/4$.
- (b) Verify that

$$|y(x_{n+1}) - y_{n+1}| \leq (1 + hL)|y(x_n) - y_n| + h|T_n|, \quad n = 0, \dots, N - 1,$$

where $L = 1/(2 \ln 4)$.

- (c) Find a positive integer N_0 , as small as possible, such that

$$\max_{0 \leq n \leq N} |y(x_n) - y_n| \leq 10^{-4}$$

whenever $N \geq N_0$.

Good luck