

King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals  
Department of Mathematics

**Math 106**  
**Major Exam**  
**211**  
**11-October-2021**

**EXAM COVER**

**Number of versions: 4**  
**Number of questions: 15**  
**Number of Answers: 5**

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**Math 106**  
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**Net Time Allowed: 90 Minutes**

**MASTER VERSION**

1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 - 3x^5 + 21}{2x^3 + x^2 + 21x} =$

(a)  $-\infty$

(correct)

(b)  $\infty$

(c)  $-\frac{3}{2}$

(d) 1

(e)  $\frac{1}{2}$

2. The equation of the tangent line to the curve of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x} + 2x^2}{x}$$

when  $x = 4$  is

(a)  $y = \frac{31}{16}x + \frac{3}{4}$

(correct)

(b)  $y = \frac{-1}{16}x + \frac{33}{4}$

(c)  $y = \frac{1}{16}x + \frac{11}{16}$

(d)  $y = \frac{2}{31}x - \frac{5}{16}$

(e)  $y = \frac{-8}{7}x + \frac{32}{7}$

3.  $\lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{t} - \sqrt{2}}{t - 2}$

(a)  $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$

(correct)

(b)  $\infty$

(c) 0

(d)  $\frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{2}}$

(e)  $\frac{1}{4}$

4. How many points on the curve of  $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x + 3$  where the tangent line is horizontal

(a) one point

(correct)

(b) none

(c) two points

(d) three points

(e) four points

5. The average cost  $\bar{c}$  for producing  $q$  units of a product is  $\bar{c} = 99 + \frac{1200}{q}$ .  
The marginal cost when producing 12 units is

- (a) 99 (correct)
- (b) 1200
- (c) 100
- (d) 8.75
- (e) 21

6. The slope of the tangent line to the curve of  $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 - x}{x^2 + 1}$  at  $x = 1$  is

- (a)  $\frac{3}{2}$  (correct)
- (b) 1
- (c) 0
- (d)  $-1$
- (e)  $\frac{1}{2}$

7. If  $w = (2u + 3)^2$  and  $u = (t + 1)^3$ , then  $\frac{dw}{dt}$  at  $t = 0$  is

- (a) 60
- (b) 20
- (c) 15
- (d) 36
- (e) 90

(correct)

8. If  $f(x) = \ln \sqrt{\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}}$ , then  $f' \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) - f'(0) =$

- (a)  $\frac{16}{15}$
- (b) 0
- (c)  $\frac{3}{2}$
- (d)  $\frac{7}{3}$
- (e)  $\frac{12}{17}$

(correct)

9. If  $y = \ln x^5 + \ln^5 x$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  at  $x = 1$  is

(a) 5

(correct)

(b) 0

(c) 10

(d)  $\ln 5$

(e) 1

10. The equation of the tangent line to the curve  $x^2 + x^3y + y^3 = 31$  at  $(1, 3)$  is

(a)  $y = \frac{-11}{28}x + \frac{95}{28}$

(correct)

(b)  $y = -2x + 5$

(c)  $y = \frac{-3}{11}x + \frac{36}{11}$

(d)  $y = \frac{3}{11}x + \frac{30}{11}$

(e)  $y = \frac{-5}{7}x + \frac{26}{7}$

11. The slope of the tangent line to the curve  $f(x) = ee^xe^{x^3} + 1^x$  at  $x = 1$  is

(a)  $4e^3$

(correct)

(b)  $e^2$

(c) 4

(d) 1

(e)  $e^3$

12. If  $f(x) = x^4 - 3x^2 + 1$ , then  $f''(1) =$

(a) 6

(correct)

(b) 12

(c) 9

(d) 3

(e) 0



13. Let  $y = (5x)^x$  then the percentage rate of change of  $y$  is equal to 50 when  $x$  is

(a)  $\frac{1}{5}e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

(correct)

(b)  $\frac{1}{2}e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

(c)  $\frac{1}{5}$

(d)  $\frac{1}{5e^{49}}$

(e)  $e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

14.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x - 3} =$

(a) 5

(correct)

(b) 3

(c) 1

(d) -2

(e) 0

15. If the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x + a, & \text{if } x \geq 3 \\ x^2 + bx, & \text{if } x < 3 \end{cases}$$

is continuous on  $(-\infty, \infty)$  and  $f(-1) = 2$ , then  $a + b$

- (a)  $-1$
- (b)  $-4$
- (c)  $2$
- (d)  $7$
- (e)  $-7$

(correct)