

King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals
Department of Mathematics
Math 106
Major Exam I
232
February 28, 2024
Net Time Allowed: 120 Minutes

USE THIS AS A TEMPLATE

Write your questions, once you are satisfied upload this file.

1. The value of $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{z^2 - 5z - 4}{z^2 + 1}$ is **Q18/10.1**

- (a) -4
- (b) -5
- (c) does not exist
- (d) 0
- (e) $-\infty$

2. The value of $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6 - 4x^2 + x^3}{4 + 5x - 7x^2}$ is **Q35/10.2**

- (a) $-\infty$
- (b) -7
- (c) 4
- (d) 6
- (e) -4

3. The value of $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x - 3}$ is **Q25/10.1**

- (a) 5
- (b) -3
- (c) ∞
- (d) $-\infty$
- (e) -6

4. If $y = \sqrt[3]{(4x^2 + 3x + 7)^2}$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when $x = -1$ **similar to Example 4 /11.5**

- (a) $-\frac{5}{3}$
- (b) $-\frac{3}{4}$
- (c) $-\frac{1}{5}$
- (d) 1
- (e) -2

5. The points of discontinuity of

$$f(x) = \frac{x - 3}{x^2 + x}$$

are **Q24/10.3**

- (a) $x = 0$ and $x = -1$
- (b) $x = 0$ and $x = 3$
- (c) $x = -3$ and $x = -1$
- (d) $x = -3$ and $x = 1$
- (e) $x = 1$ and $x = 3$

6. The number of points of discontinuity of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x + 5 & x \geq -2 \\ 2 & x < -2 \end{cases}$$

is **Q30/10.3**

- (a) 1
- (b) 0
- (c) 2
- (d) 3
- (e) 4

7. An equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = 3x^2 - 4$ at the point $(1, -1)$ is
Q24/11.1

(a) $y - 6x + 7 = 0$

(b) $y - 2x + 3 = 0$

(c) $y - 5x + 4 = 0$

(d) $y + 5x - 3 = 0$

(e) $y - 4x + 3 = 0$

8. The slope of the tangent line to the curve $y = \frac{8\sqrt{x}(2-x^2)}{x}$ at the point $(4, -2)$ is
similar to Q84/11.2

(a) -25

(b) 8

(c) -8

(d) -17

(e) 23

9. If the position function of an object moving along a number line is given by $s = f(t) = 10t + \ln(t^2 - 4t + 4)$, where t is in seconds and s is in meters, then the average velocity over the interval $[1, 3]$ equals **similar to Q3-8/11.3**

- (a) 10
- (b) 4
- (c) 5
- (d) 20
- (e) e

10. If a manufacturer's cost equation is $c = 0.1q^2 + 3q + 2$ where c is the cost of producing q units of a product. Find the marginal-cost when 5 units are produced. **Q6/11.3**

- (a) 4
- (b) 3
- (c) 2
- (d) 1
- (e) 6

11. If $y = (3x + 5)(x - 2)(x + 7)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is **similar to Q19/11.4**

(a) $9x^2 + 40x - 17$

(b) $3x^2 + 20x + 29$

(c) $7x^2 - 3x + 2$

(d) $5x^2 - 2x + 3$

(e) $3x^2 - 12x + 15$

12. If the demand equation for a manufacturer's product is $p = -0.1q + 500$ where p is in dollars, then the marginal-revenue function is **Q49/Ch11 Review Problems**

(a) $500 - 0.2q$

(b) $500q$

(c) -0.1

(d) $-0.500q$

(e) 1

13. If $z = u^2 + \sqrt{u} + 9$ and $u = 2s^2 - 1$, then dz/ds when $s = -1$. Q6/11.5

- (a) -10
- (b) 9
- (c) 2
- (d) -1
- (e) -8

14. If $f(x) = \ln [(5x + 15)^4(3x + 3)^6]$, then $f'(1) =$ similar to Q32/12.1

- (a) 4
- (b) 3
- (c) 2
- (d) 1
- (e) 5

15. The equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = \ln(x^2 - 3x + 1)$ at the point where $x = 3$ is **similar to Q45/12.1**

(a) $y = 3x - 9$

(b) $y = -3x + 1$

(c) $y = -x - e$

(d) $y = 2x + e$

(e) $y = x + e$

16. The slope of the tangent line to the curve of $y = (e^{2x} + 1)^3$ at $x = 0$ is **similar to Q20/12.2**

(a) 24

(b) 18

(c) 32

(d) 3

(e) 2

17. Let $f(x) = 2^x x^2$ then $f'(2)$ is **Q16/12.2**

(a) $16 + 16 \ln 2$

(b) 8

(c) $32 + \ln 2$

(d) 32

(e) 64

18. If $x\sqrt{y+1} = y\sqrt{x+1}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $(0, 0)$ **Q26/12.4**

(a) 1

(b) 2

(c) $\sqrt{2}$

(d) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

(e) $-\sqrt{2}$

19. If $2p q^2 - p^3 = q^2 - \ln p$, find $\frac{dq}{dp}$ at $(1, 1)$ (assume that q is a function of p) **similar to Example4/12.4**

- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d) $\ln 2$
- (e) $\ln \frac{1}{2}$

20. The slope of the tangent line to the curve of $x^3 = (y - x^2)^2$ at the point $(1, 0)$ is equal to **similar Example3/12.4**

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}$
- (b) 1
- (c) -1
- (d) 3
- (e) 2