# MATH 531 - Final Exam

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Instructions: You must show all your work and state all the theorems you use. No materials are allowed.

#### Exercise 1(8+7 points)

1. Evaluate with proof

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_0^n \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{x}{n}\right)}{1+x} \right)^2 dx.$$

2. Evaluate with proof

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_0^n \frac{\cos\left(\frac{x}{n}\right)}{1+x} dx.$$

### Exercise 2(10+5+5 points)

- 1. Let  $1 \leq p < q < r < \infty$ . Show that  $L^p(\mathbb{R}) \cap L^r(\mathbb{R}) \subseteq L^q(\mathbb{R})$ .
- 2. Suppose that  $f_n : \mathbb{R} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is Lebesgue measurable for each n such that  $||f_n||_3 \to 0$ and  $||f_n||_5 \to 0$  as  $n \to \infty$ . Prove or give a counterexample for each of the statements below.
  - (a)  $||f_n||_4 \to 0.$
  - (b)  $||f_n||_2 \to 0.$

#### Exercise 3(5+5 points)

- 1. Let  $f \in L^1(\mathbb{R})$ . Show that  $\arctan(f) \in L^1(\mathbb{R})$
- 2. Show that if  $f, f_1, f_2, \ldots$  belong to  $L^1(\mathbb{R})$  such that  $(f_n) \to f$  in  $L^1(\mathbb{R})$ , then  $(\arctan(f_n)) \to \arctan(f)$  in  $L^1(\mathbb{R})$ .

## Exercise 4(7+7 points)

Let  $1 . Suppose that f belongs to <math>L^p([0,\infty))$ .

1. Show that

$$\int_{x}^{\infty} \frac{|f(t)|}{t} dt < (p-1)^{\frac{p-1}{p}} x^{-\frac{1}{p}} \left( \int_{x}^{\infty} |f(t)|^{p} dt \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}$$

for any x > 0.

2. Deduce that

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} x^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_x^\infty \frac{f(t)}{t} dt = 0.$$

## Exercise 5(8+8 points)

- 1. Let  $f : [a, b] \longrightarrow [m, M]$  be an absolutely continuous function and  $g : [m, M] \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be Lipchitz. Show that  $h = g \circ f$  is absolutely continuous on [a, b].
- 2. Let f be of bounded variation on [a, b]. Show that if  $f \ge c$  on [a, b] for some constant c > 0, then

$$TV\left(\left(\frac{1}{f}\right)_{[a,b]}\right) \leq \frac{TV(f_{[a,b]})}{c^2}.$$

#### Exercise 6(6+9 points)

Let  $f_n(x) = nx^{n-1} - (n+1)x^n$ , for  $x \in (0,1)$  and  $n \ge 1$ .

1. Show that

$$\int_{(0,1)} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n \neq \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_{(0,1)} f_n$$

2. Show that  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_{(0,1)} |f_n| = \infty$ .

# Exercise 7(5+5 points)

Let f be the function defined by  $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 3$ . Define  $\nu$  the signed measure on  $\mathbb{R}$  by

$$\nu(E) = \int_E f dm,$$

for any Lebesgue measurable subset E of  $\mathbb R.$ 

- 1. [2,4] is positive? negative? Justify.
- 2. Find a Hahn decomposition of  $\mathbb R$  and give the Jordan decomposition of  $\nu.$  Justify