

Department of Mathematics, King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals,

Math 533 Exam-02, 2025-2026 (251)

Time Allowed: 110 Minutes

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_ ID#: \_\_\_\_\_

Section/Instructor: \_\_\_\_\_ Serial #: \_\_\_\_\_

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- Mobiles, calculators and smart devices are not allowed in this exam.
- Write neatly and eligibly. You may lose points for messy work.
- Show all your work. **No points for answers without justification.**

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Question #	Marks	Maximum Marks
1		15
2		25
3		30
4		30
Total		100

**Q1: (a)** Let  $f(z)$  be a continuous function on a domain  $D$  and suppose that  $\int_C f(z) dz = 0$  for every closed contour  $C$  lying entirely in  $D$ . Prove that  $f(z)$  has an antiderivative throughout  $D$ .

**(b)** Let  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z}$  be defined on the domain  $D = \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$ .

(i) Show that  $\int_C f(z) dz \neq 0$  for some closed contour  $C$  in  $D$ .

(ii) Explain why  $f(z)$  does not have an antiderivative throughout  $D$ .



**Q2: (a)** State and prove Morera's theorem.

**(b)** Let  $f(z) = \bar{z}^2$ . Evaluate  $\oint_{|z|=1} f(z) dz$  and verify Morera's condition.

**(c)** Show that an entire function whose real part is nonpositive is constant.

**(d)** State Gauss's Mean-Value theorem and use it to evaluate

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + ae^{i\theta}\right) d\theta.$$





**Q3:**(a) Find the Laurent series expansion of

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 + 1}{z^2(z - 2)}$$

in the regions (i)  $0 < |z| < 2$  and (ii)  $|z| > 2$

**(b)** Let  $f$  be analytic inside and on the unit circle. Suppose that

$$|f(z) - z| < |z| \quad \text{for } |z| = 1.$$

Show that  $|f'(1/2)| \leq 8$ .

**(c)** Find the maximum value of

$$|(z - 2)(z + \frac{1}{3})|$$

for all complex numbers  $z$  satisfying  $|z| \leq 1$ .



**Q4:** (a) Suppose  $f$  is analytic for  $|z| < 2$  and  $\alpha \in \mathbb{C}$  is constant. Evaluate

$$I = \oint_{|z|=1} (\operatorname{Re} z + \alpha) \frac{f(z)}{z} dz.$$

(b) Let  $f$  be entire and suppose

$$|f(z)| \leq 5 + 0.01|z| \quad (\forall z \in \mathbb{C}).$$

(i) Show that  $f(z) = az + b$  with  $|a| \leq 0.01$ ,  $|b| \leq 5$ .

(ii) If additionally  $f(0) = 2$  and  $f(100) = 3$ , find  $f(z)$ .

(c) Evaluate  $\oint_{|z-2|=3} \frac{dz}{z^2 + 1}$ .

(d) Show that there does not exist an entire function  $f(z)$  such that

$$|f(z)| < 5 \quad \text{for all } z \in \mathbb{C},$$

and

$$f(0) = 2, \quad f(1) = 3.$$



