King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals Department of Mathematics MATH 578: Applied Numerical Methods II Midterm Exam: Semester 231 (120 minutes)

Note: Use of electronic devices such as smartphones are not allowed. Each question has five points.

Total Points: 25.

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NAME:

Q1. Use finite difference method with h = k = 1 to write the matrix form of

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0, \qquad 0 < x < 3, \quad 0 < y < 3,$$

subject to the boundary conditions

$$u(x,0) = 0, u(x,3) = x$$

 $u(0,y) = 0, u(3,y) = y.$

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Q2. Approximate the solution to the equation

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \displaystyle \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} &=& \displaystyle \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, & 0 < x < 1, \ 0 < t; \\ \displaystyle u\left(0,t\right) &=& \displaystyle u\left(1,t\right) = 0, & 0 < t, \\ \displaystyle u\left(x,0\right) &=& \displaystyle \sin 2\pi x, & 0 \leq x \leq 1, \\ \displaystyle \frac{\partial u\left(x,0\right)}{\partial t} &=& \displaystyle 2\pi \sin 2\pi x, \ 0 \leq x \leq 1, \end{array}$$

by finite difference method with h = 0.5 and k = 0.1. Find the solution u(x, t) at t = 0.2.

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Q3. Use h = k = 0.25, write the matrix (discrete) form $Aw^j = w^{j-1}$ of

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial^2 x} = 0, \qquad 0 < x < 1, \quad 0 < t;$$

subject to the boundary and initial conditions

$$u(0,t) = u(1,t) = 0, \quad 0 < t;$$

 $u(x,0) = x(1-x),$

using backward difference method.

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Q4. What are the key components of Finite Element Method. Write the weak form (varitional form) of the following boundary value problem.

-u''(x) = f(x) 0 < x < 1, u(0) = u(1) = 0.

Q5. Define of the following spaces.

i. $C(\Omega)$ ii. $C^{\infty}(\Omega)$ iii. $L^{2}(\Omega)$ iv. $H^{1}(\Omega)$ v. $H^{2}_{0}(\Omega)$, where $\Omega = [0 \ 1]$.