# King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals Mathematics Department 

## MATH 583: Computer Graphics: Modeling and Processing Midterm Exam: Semester 231 (120 minutes)

## NAME:

STUDENT ID:

Problem 1: (7 points) Consider the parametric curve

$$
x(t)=-6 t^{3}+9 t^{2}, \quad y(t)=-3 t^{2}+3 t, \quad t \in \mathbb{R}
$$

a) Determine the points on the parametric curve for which the tangent is horizontal.
b) Determine the parameters $t$ for which the slope of the tangent is equal $-\frac{1}{3}$.
c) Using the blossom, compute the Bézier control points of the parametric curve over the interval $[0,1]$.
d) Sketch the Bézier curve approximately: Draw your sketch to scale as best you can and, when drawing the Bézier curve, show clearly the initial and final points and the initial and final slopes.
e) Using de Casteljau algorithm, compute the point on the parametric curve corresponding to the parameter to the parameter $t=\frac{2}{3}$.
$f$ ) Compute the curvature of the parametric curve at the point with parameter $t=0$.
Problem 2: (4 points) A particle is animated so that it start at $(0,0)^{T}$ at time $t=0$ and end at $(2,0)^{T}$ at time $t=1$. The initial velocity at time $t=0$ is equal twice its final velocity at time $t=1$ and such that the sum of the velocities at $t=0$ and $t=1$ is equal to $(3,5)^{T}$. The motion is modeled with a degree 3 Bézier curve $P(t)$ over the interval $[0,1]$.
Give the control points of the Bézier curve.
Problem 3: (3 points) Let $P$ be a polynomial of degree 2 with control points $\left(p_{0}, p_{1}, p_{2}\right)$ over the interval $[0,1]$ with

$$
p_{0}=1, p_{1}=3, p_{2}=0
$$

Denotes by $p$ the blossom of $P$
a) Compute the Bézier control points of $P$ over the interval $\left[\frac{1}{2}, 1\right]$.
b) Compute the value of $p\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$.

Problem 4: (6 points) Consider the function $S(t)$ defined by

$$
S(t)= \begin{cases}t^{3}+6 t-2 & \text { if } t \in[0,1] \\ 2 t^{3}+a t^{2}+b t-3 & \text { if } t \in[1,2]\end{cases}
$$

where $a$ and $b$ are real numbers.
a) Determine the real numbers $a$ and $b$ so that $S(t)$ is a cubic spline over the interval [0,2].
b) Compute the de Boor control points of the obtained spline $S(t)$ in the clamped case.
c) Using de Boor algorithm, compute the value $S\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$.
d) Deduce the de Boor control polygon of the spline $S(t)$ over the interval $\left[0, \frac{3}{2}\right]$.

